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Vale de figueira

Cais da Estacao - Ferradosa\$ - \$\$\$ • Portuguese, Grill, Healthy\$ - \$\$\$ • Portuguese, Bar, Cafes • Mediterranean, European, Diner\$ - \$\$\$ • European, Portuguese, Bar\$ - \$\$\$ • European, PortugueseCafé Restaurante BAGO D'OURO\$ - \$\$\$ • European, PortugueseLocalização Situada em pleno Vale do Douro, a freguesia de Vale de Figueira pertence ao concelho de S. João da Pesqueira, no distrito de Viseu, dista cerca de 13 Km da sede de concelhia e ocupa um território de 1.039 ha. História De origem castreja, Vale de Figueira foi povoada e tributada pelo mesmo foral de S. João da Pesqueira e, a nível eclesiástico, esteve subordinada à Igreja de Vilarouco que apresentava o cura ou pároco. Composta pelos lugares de Vale de Figueira, Vale de Vila, Ólas, S. Xisto e Ferradosa, mantêm-se nestas terras a típica tipologia de casas de xisto, num harmonioso encontro com a paisagem. Situada na rota do vinho e das amendoeiras, o sector primário desempenha ainda um papel importante na economia de Vale de Figueira. A preponderância da produção vinícola reflecte-se também no sector secundário. Na realidade, a principal actividade industrial geradora de emprego, é o fabrico de vinhos generosos e finos, nomeadamente o afamado Vinho do Porto. Ferradosa, foi em tempos uma movimentada estação de caminho-de-ferro da linha do Douro e um importante porto fluvial, servindo o abastecimento e o escoamento de produtos relacionados com o vinho, tendo agora sido convertida num complexo turístico. Património Os principais exemplares de património histórico são a Igreja Matriz, a Capela de Xisto e a Capela de Santa Bárbara. No entanto, a grande riqueza local, o enorme potencial turístico da freguesia e da sua população reside nos seus valores ambientais e no património natural e paisagístico. O lugar de S. Xisto foi considerado Turismo de Aldeia pelas suas belas casas de xisto. Padroeiro A padroeira de Vale de Figueira é Nossa Senhora do Rosário, festejada anualmente em Agosto. Faz-se, nesta freguesia, uma romaria a Santa Bárbara, em fins de Maio. No lugar de Ólas festeja-se o Santo António, nos dias 17 e 18 de Junho. Nossa Senhora de Fátima é festejada no lugar de Vale de Vila, no segundo fim-de-semana de Agosto. Gastronomia Os pratos característicos de Vale de Figueira são o cabrito e o cordeiro assado no forno, o bacalhau assado com batatas a murro, os peixes do rio (barbos, bogas, carpa, achegã, percas, de caldeirada ou de escabeche) e os enchidos (alheiras, moiros de sangue e chouriças de carne). A maior parte dos produtos agrícolas durienses, como as maçãs, laranjas, azeitonas, favas, etc..., têm um sabor excelente. Como petisco não deixe de saborear uma deliciosa bola de carne. Miradouros Os miradouros de Ólas, da Ferradosa, de Santa Bárbara (mais informações ») e da Quinta de Vargelas (mais informações ») oferecem aos seus visitantes belas paisagens panorâmicas, povoadas por vinhas e amendoeiras. Extinct civil parish in Santarém, Portugal Vale de Figueira is a former civil parish in the municipality of Santarém, Portugal. In 2013, the parish merged into the new parish São Vicente do Paul e Vale de Figueira.[1] The village has almost 2,000 inhabitants. It is close to Santarém, the capital city of its region, Ribatejo. It sits on a valley, parallel to the Bela Vista plateau, being famous for the mouth of the river Alviela, a tributary of Tagus river, inserted on the diversity of colours which, all combined, create a picturesque landscape. It is a land of campos (the regional name given to the cattle herders), horses, bulls and nature that help making Vale de Figueira a unique place in the Ribatejo region. The village is rich in the production of vine and cereals. There is not a consensus, but most believe the origin of the name Vale de Figueira comes from the no-longer existing coating of fig trees that used to cover the area. Still, its foundation is believed to be from the Roman Empire times and the village has been graced by the visit of some Portuguese royalty throughout time and more recently by some Presidents of the Portuguese Republic, such as Américo Thomaz. Also, the village had a Franciscan Friars' Monastery, named as "Convent of Our Lady of Jesus from St. Francis Order", from which there are only a few ruins left, including a window said to be the window from where the friars would give out food to the poor. The beautiful meadowlands of Vale de Figueira, known as Lezíria, are bathed by both rivers Tagus and Alviela and are famous for their beauty. Actually, since 2008, a project known as Rota dos Avieiros has been initiated to help develop, touristically, villages like Vale de Figueira so, a series of paths have been created along the rivers and into the woods, making it possible to explore the best of this village's nature and wildness beauty. As for the village itself, touristic guide visits are being studied, as well as some water and extreme sports, among other leisure and cultural activities, but all depends on the funds provided by the government for the effect. Also famous are the many farms (Quinta (rural)) in and about the village, each with precious content that goes from ancient chariots, used by the rich families of the farms, to chapels decorated with gold and other valuable and ornamental materials from previous centuries. Good examples are Quinta do Castilho, Quinta de Nossa Senhora da Conceição and Quinta da Boa Vista. Some of these farms are also very famous for their livestock (ganadarias) of bulls, cows and horses. Another farm which is worth to be visited for its own woods and villa with swimming pool and garden is Quinta da Sobreira. In the beginning of the 20th century, Vale de Figueira was very rich in the production of olive oil with six olive oil mills working altogether. This is why the olive tree leaves are represented in its coat flag, along with the fig tree leave and the campo's hat, all above the blue and silver lines that symbolise the rivers Alviela and Tagus. ^ Diário da República. "Law nr. 11-A/2013, page 552 108" (PDF) (in Portuguese). Retrieved 30 July 2014. de+Vale+de+ Figueira.htm 39°018'026"N 8°037'039"W﻿ / ﻿39.30722°N 8.62750°W﻿﻿ / 39.30722; -8.62750 Retrieved from " Extinct civil parish in Santarém, Portugal Vale de Figueira is a former civil parish in the municipality of Santarém, Portugal. 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ShareAlike — If you remix, transform, or build upon the material, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. No additional restrictions — You may not apply legal terms or technological measures that legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation . No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example, other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. Enquanto aldeia, extremamente acolhedora e com traços beirãos, já existia no séc. XIII. Encontra-se rodeada por belos campos onde se cultiva o centeio, lavram-se as hortas e apanha-se a baga do sabugueiro. Diversas figueiras, que justamente emprestaram o nome à povoação, ladeiam os caminhos. Para os apreciadores da arqueologia portuguesa, é interessante nolar que alguns tesouros arqueológicos têm sido encontrados nesta freguesia, como por exemplo uma cabeça de guerreiro esculpida em granito, provavelmente da Idade do Ferro, o lagar romano/medieval do Negrio, ou ainda a Estátua-Menir do Alto da Escrita, esculpida provavelmente entre o Período Calcolítico e a Idade do Bronze. Outras informações: Concelho: Tabuaço Área: 4,71 km² População na União de Freguesias de Pinheiros e Vale de Figueira: 239 hab. (censos 2021 - resultados provisórios) Igreja Matriz de Vale de Figueira (Igreja de Nossa Senhora da Apresentação) (GPS: 41º 04' 07.70"N | 7º 36' 54.13"W) Há dados que comprovam que no século XIII Vale de Figueira já existia como aldeia. A Igreja matriz, de invocação a Nossa Senhora da Apresentação, no entanto, só foi construída no séc. XVII, sofrendo obras sucessivas desde o século XVII ao século XIX. A arquitectura é tipicamente religiosa, maneirista, barroca e rococó. Cruzeiro O cruzeiro de Vale de Figueira é datado de 1697 e está inserido no muro que delimita o adro, mesmo ao lado de uma fonte oitocentista. LOCAIS DE INTERESSE: Igreja Matriz de Vale de Figueira (Nossa Senhora da Apresentação) Miradouro do Pedregal Miradouro Nossa Senhora da Apresentação Cabeça de Guerreiro Lagar Romano/Medieval do Negrio Cruzeiro Fonte de Santa Maria Estátua-Menir do Alto da Escrita (Em exibição no Museu do Imaginário Duriense) FESTIVIDADES Festa em honra Nossa Senhora da Apresentação - 20 de Novembro

PERCURSOS PEDESTRES